European Capacity Building Initiative

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'Common Time Frames':

CREATING SPACE FOR AMBITION IN THE PARIS AGREEMENT RULEBOOK

Presentation given at the India International Centre, New Delhi II April 2019

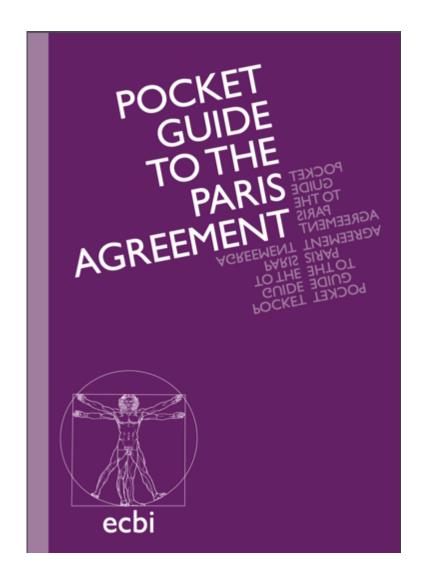
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Director OCP/ecbi
ECI Convener International Climate Policy Research



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oxford climate policy







Art. 4.10. The Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to this Agreement shall consider common time frames for nationally determined contributions at its first session.

www.ecbi.org/pocket-guides



What Common Time Frames?

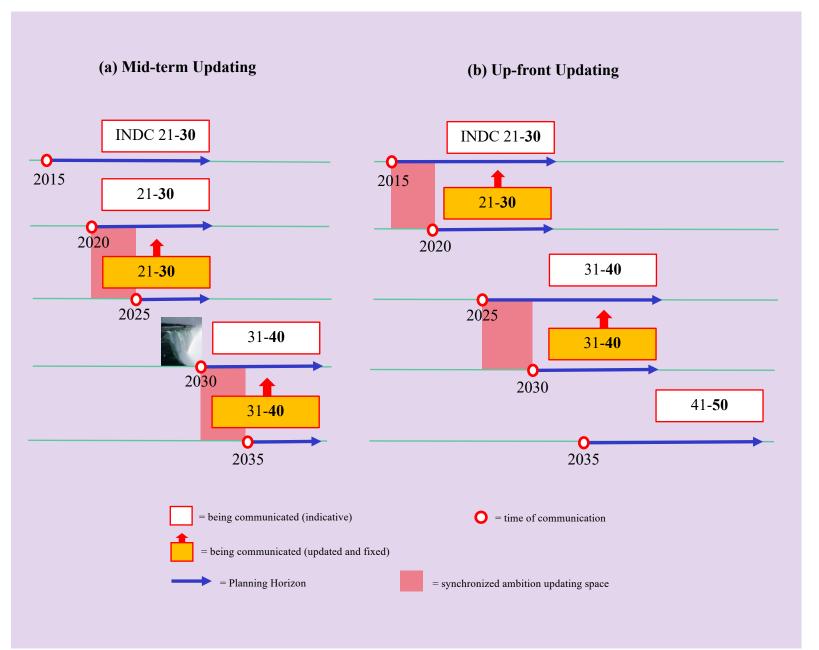
Procedural Interpretation: Communication/Updating Timetable



- § 23. *Urges* those Parties whose INDC ... contains a time frame up to 2025 to *communicate* by 2020 *a new* nationally determined contribution and to do so every five years thereafter ...;
- § 24. Requests those Parties whose INDC ... contains a time frame up to 2030 to *communicate or update* by 2020 these contributions and to do so every five years thereafter ...;



§24 Communication & Updating Cycles

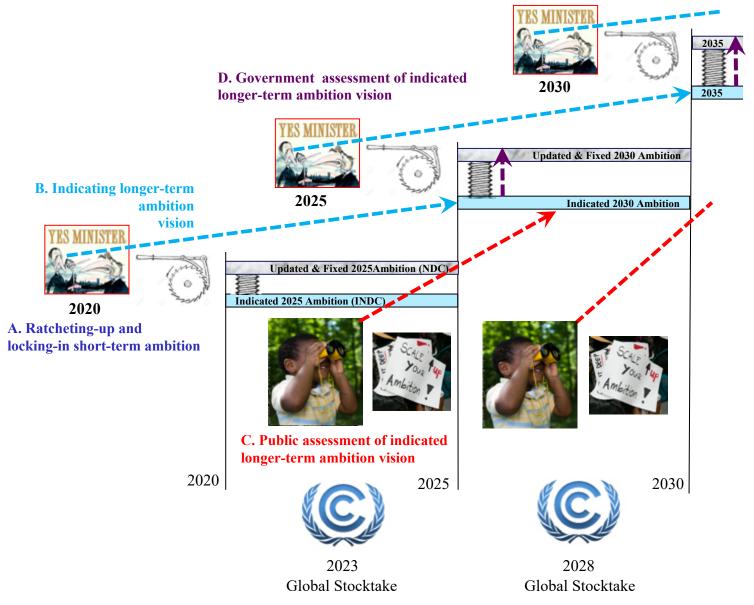


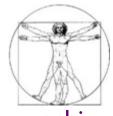


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Dynamic Contribution Cycle





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Dynamic Contribution Cycle

HOW?



- *Urges* those Parties whose INDC ... contains a time frame up to 2025 to communicate by **2020** a new nationally determined contribution and to do so every five years thereafter ...;[§ 23]
- Requests those Parties whose INDC ... contains a time frame up to 2030 to communicate or update by 2020 these contributions and to do so every five years thereafter ...;[§ 24]



• Invites all Parties in 2025 to update their 2030 NDC, and communicate an indicative 2035 NDC, and to do so every five years thereafter.







COP24

KEY OUTCOMES

24TH CONFERENCE OF PARTIES TO THE UNFCCC

KATOWICE, POLAND

2-18 DECEMBER 2018

Pascale Bird Benito Müller

With comments and quotes

IISD/ENB | Kiara Worth

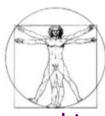
JANUARY 2019

uring a very instructive session on "negotiating tips and tricks" for new negotiators, at an ecbi training workshop before the Katowice Climate Conference, an experienced climate negotiator offered advice on ways to find compromises and common "landing zones" between the positions of countries, to reach consensus under the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). A participant asked, very pertinently, whether compromises between countries will be enough to address climate change.

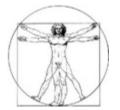
The responses to this question from experts at the workshop pointed to the various benefits of multilateralism, from the lack of alternatives to solve global problems; to giving equal voice to all countries; and to greater efficiency than bilateralism. At a time of mounting global challenges, multilateralism is under increasing threat, and its defence is necessary. Global agreement on anything in this current chapter of human history is a triumph. Expectations were especially low in the run-up to Katowice, given the lack of trust between key country groups. Many feared that Katowice would end without a result, like the climate conferences in Copenhagen in 2009, and The Hague in

While these fears were not realised, and the Conference ended with a celebratory leap by the President, the question asked by the rookie negotiator deserves to be revisited in the aftermath: did the compromises that had to be made to accommodate the varied interests of 197 countries in Katowice add up to an adequate response to climate change?

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Common time frames for nationally determined contributions referred to in Article 4, paragraph 10, of the Paris Agreement

The Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement,

Recalling Article 4, paragraphs 9 and 10, of the Paris Agreement,

Also recalling decision 1/CP.21, paragraphs 23-25,

- 1. Welcomes the progress made¹ in the consideration of common time frames for nationally determined contributions referred to in Article 4, paragraph 10, of the Paris Agreement, and takes note of the rich exchange of views and range of options considered and proposed by Parties on this matter;²
- 2. Decides that Parties shall apply common time frames to their nationally determined contributions to be implemented from 2031 onward;
- 3. Requests the Subsidiary Body for Implementation to continue the consideration of common time frames for nationally determined contributions at its fiftieth session (June 2019) with a view to making a recommendation thereon for consideration and adoption by the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement.





Thank You!

