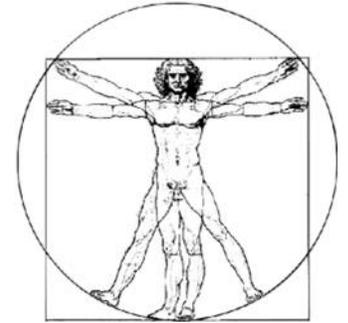


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Gender under the UNFCCC

Lima Work Programme and the gender action plan

Stella Gama (Malawi)

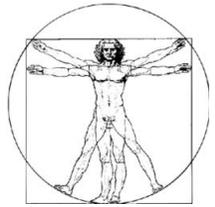
Ecbi Gender officer

LDC Group

Bridget Burns (WEDO)

for sustained capacity building in support of international climate change negotiations

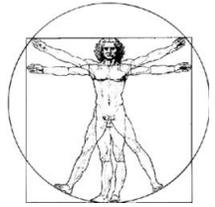
pour un renforcement durable des capacités en appui aux négociations internationales sur les changements climatiques



Where are we?

- **COP20: Lima work program on gender**
- **(COP22) Decision 21/CP.22**, Parties extend the Lima Work Programme on Gender for three years, to be reviewed at COP25 in 2019.
 - LWP included set of mandates to advance work on gender and climate change, such as, request for Parties to nominate national gender and climate change focal points, reporting on gender mandates from Constituted Bodies, and the development of possible elements of a gender action plan.
- **(COP23) Decision 3/CP.23**, Parties adopted a two-year gender action plan, with activities across five action areas, set to be reviewed at COP25 alongside the Lima Work Programme.
- COP24, SBI50 Broad support for continuity

Review of the LWPG & GAP

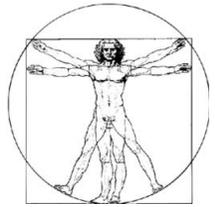


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Timeline

- Three-Day Workshop at SB50 (livestreaming & presentations available in ENG, FR & SPA:
<https://unfccc.int/topics/gender/events-meetings/workshops-dialogues/workshop-on-gender-and-climate-change-june-2019>
- SBI50 co facilitators informal note
- Submissions due 31 August 2019
 - Reviewing: Progress, Improvements & Further Work
 - As of 9/9/18: 13 Party, 7 Observer submissions
- Pre COP in Costa Rica

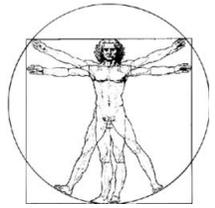
Review of the LWPG & GAP



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Background Reading

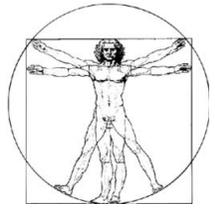
- [Decision 21/CP.22](#) - Gender and Climate Change
- [Decision 3/CP.23](#) - Establishment of a gender action plan
- [Synthesis Report \(June 2019\)](#) - Differentiated impacts of climate change on women and men; the integration of gender considerations in climate policies, plans and actions; and progress in enhancing gender balance in national climate delegations
- [Informal Report \(June 2019\)](#) - Gender workshop
- [Gender Composition Report \(2018\)](#) - Annual report by the secretariat to assist Parties in tracking their progress towards meeting the goal of gender balance in advancing gender-sensitive climate policy.
- [Technical Paper \(April 2018\)](#) - Entry points for integrating gender considerations into UNFCCC workstreams



Area of Progress

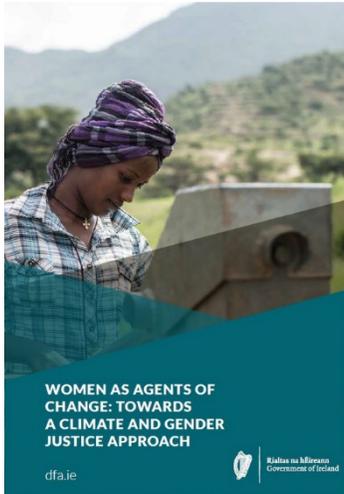
- **Provision of framework** that has been instrumental in advancing gender equality and women empowerment
- **Positive shift in the level of action, attention and support** for work on the intersection of gender and climate change; gender responsive NAPs, NDCs, TNAs
- **Platform to channel information**, initiatives to the UNFCCC and to participate in dialogue, learning and capacity building activities with a range of stakeholders under the Convention;
- Good efforts in **enhancing capacity and coherence across the constituted bodies of the UNFCCC** in their reporting on and knowledge of gender mandates (i.e. capacity building with SCF, PCCB, AC as well as special dialogue held during SB48)

Review of the LWPG & GAP



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Area of Progress



**WOMEN'S FORUM
A CALL
TO THE G20**
Kyoto, Japan | 26-27 June 2019



THEME
Gender-Responsive Climate Action and Budgeting

LOCATION
Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago

DATE
May 22-24, 2018

PARTICIPANTS
More than 130 parliamentarians, government and parliamentary staff, and representatives of civil society and international organizations from 26 countries

10TH GATHERING OF THE PARLIAMENTARY NETWORK FOR GENDER EQUALITY

#ParlAmericasGender

The 10th annual Gathering of the ParlAmericas Parliamentary Network for Gender Equality (PNGE) was hosted in Port of Spain by the Parliament of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago. This three-day meeting brought together parliamentarians from across the Americas and Caribbean region, alongside civil society activists and other subject matter experts. The Gathering's delegates participated in a series of working sessions that examined the differential impacts of climate change and natural disasters based on socio-economic inequalities and other demographic factors. The presentations and dialogues evidenced the transformative role that gender analysis and budgeting can play in this regard. The Gathering also highlighted the importance of strengthening women's participation in climate decision-

making and implementation, so that their knowledge and expertise is fully integrated in planning for a more resilient future. The delegates exchanged strategies and reflections on advancing towards these shared goals through parliamentary functions – particularly executive oversight and budget approval – and through partnerships with diverse stakeholders.

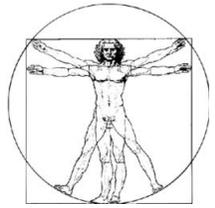
This Gathering was an opportunity to build on the interconnected work of two of ParlAmericas' program areas – Gender Equality and Climate Change – and to apply learning from recent activities on disaster risk reduction, social movements, and intersectional gender analysis.



This activity aligned with SDGs 3, 5, and 13.



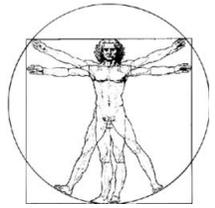
The materials from each of the sessions of the Gathering are available on ParlAmericas' website. Recommended readings on the topics covered in the sessions are also available.



Potential Areas for Improvement

- **Require clear targets and indicators** to be able to evaluate progress and take stock of implementation, and an **annual progress indicator report by the Secretariat that reviews actions and initiatives to advance all gender mandates under the Convention**, and provides an analysis of any gaps.
 - **Example:** 2018 Gender Composition report highlighted that women as heads of delegations “in 2017 decreased from 32 per cent at COP 22 to 24 per cent at COP23 (8 percent decrease)” **Parties could set a progressive target, that women’s participation in delegations, and as heads of delegations, has improved by 3-5% yearly over three years, including participation rates across regional groups, as Heads of Delegations, and in UNFCCC Boards and Bodies.** Parties could also develop plans, policies or strategies for national delegations and regional groups on enhancing gender balance.

Review of the LWPG & GAP



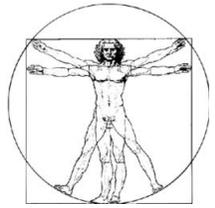
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Potential Areas for Improvement

More focused/ targeted capacity building

- Capacity building on collecting gender disaggregated data, conducting gender analysis, implementing gender budgeting
- Ongoing capacity building for and information sharing among National Gender and Climate Change Focal Points (NGCCFPs) **(key recommendation from workshop);**
- Capacity building, knowledge sharing and communication to enhance gender responsive climate finance and technology transfer and development.

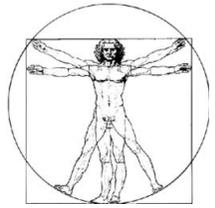
Review of the LWPG & GAP



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Other ideas to Consider

- Period of the next LWPG (long term or permanence) and its GAP
- Continue building skills and capacities of female delegates and encourage active participation in leadership positions
- Supplementary Guidance Note on integrating gender in Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs);
- Technical Guide on implementing gender mandates based on the Katowice Implementation Guidelines;
- Gender balance quotas on national delegations, boards and/or bodies; Gender balance requirement for the UNFCCC Travel support to LDCs;
- Institutionalized/ required training on gender and climate change for Chairs and members of Boards and Bodies as well as NGCCFPs;
- Training of trainers on gender and climate change;
- Establish collaborative partnership amongst stakeholders
- Call for IPCC report on gender, land and land use, food security and climate change;



Roundtable Q & A

- Additional areas for the next work program and GAP?
- Has your country engaged in any capacity building activities over the two year period of the gender action plan that enhanced skills to implement gender analysis?
- Has your country taken any steps to translate activities under the gender action plan at national level?
- Has your country seen any substantial progress in either / or gender balance on your national delegation and inclusion of gender analysis in country planning as a result of the gender action plan?
- Are there specific targets, indicators or benchmarks that your country would find helpful to be included in the gender action plan?
- What specific capacity needs / gaps exist for your country to effectively implement gender analysis / gender-responsive implementation of climate policies at national level?